GROUP 11 ENGINE

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This model is equipped with a newly developed 4B11 engine. It is a 4-cylinder, double overhead camshaft (DOHC) engine with a 2.0-L cylinder displacement. This engine has adopted the following features:

- MIVEC (MITSUBISHI INNOVATIVE VALVE TIM-ING ELECTRONIC CONTROL SYSTEM) for both the intake and exhaust valves
- Cylinder block made of an aluminum alloy
- Valve train with direct-acting valve tappets
- Silent timing chain

MAIN SPECIFICATIONS

Descriptions	Specification	
Engine model	4B11	
Туре	In-line OHV, DOHC	
Number of cylinders	4	
Combustion chamber shape	Pentroof type	
Total displacement cm ³ (cu in)	1,998 (121.9)	
Cylinder bore mm (in)	86 (3.4)	
Piston stroke mm (in)	86 (3.4)	
Compression ratio	10.0	
Maximum output kW/r/min (HP/r/min)	217/6,500 (291/6,500)	
Maximum torque N·m/r/min (ft-lbs/r/min)	407/4,000 (300/4,000)	
Fuel injection system type	Electronic control MPI	
Ignition system type	Electronic spark-advance control type (4-coil)	

BASE ENGINE

CYLINDER HEAD

ົດ Exhaust side Intake side G

A cylinder head made of an aluminum alloy, which is lightweight and offers a high level of cooling efficiency, has been adopted. A pentroof combustion chamber with a center spark plug has been adopted. It has a small valve compound angle to realize a compact chamber.

VALVE SEATS

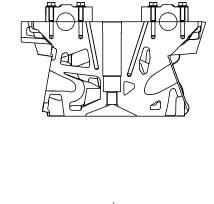
Sintered alloy valve seats have been adopted. The oversized (0.3 mm) service parts are available.

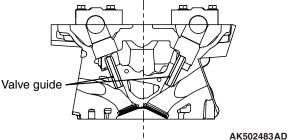
VALVE GUIDES

Valve guides that are common to both the intake and exhaust have been adopted. The oversized (0.25 mm) service parts are available. Cross-flow type intake and exhaust ports have been adopted. Two intake ports and two exhaust ports are provided independently on the right and left sides. Five camshaft bearings are provided at the intake and exhaust sides, respectively. The No. 4 bearing sustains the thrust load of the camshaft. Only the No. 1 bearing uses a bearing cap that integrates both the intake and exhaust sides.

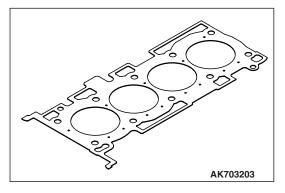
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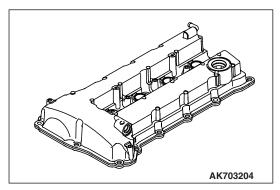


CYLINDER HEAD GASKET



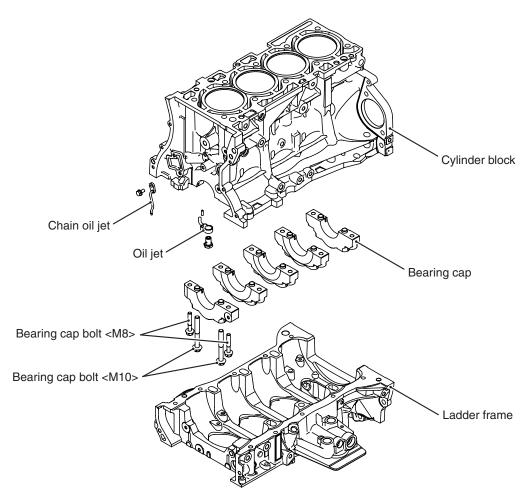
A five-layer, metal type cylinder head gasket that excels in heat resistance and sealing performance has been adopted.

CYLINDER HEAD COVER



A aluminum cylinder head cover has been adopted.

CYLINDER BLOCK



AK703205AD

A cylinder block made of an aluminum alloy has been adopted for weight reduction.

5 bearings are used for the crankshaft journals and the No. 3 bearing sustains the thrust load of the crankshaft.

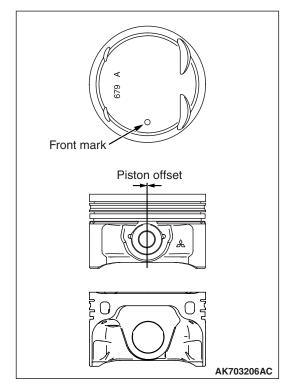
The water jacket is the full Siamese type.

An chain oil jet is used in front of the cylinder block to supply engine oil to the timing chain.

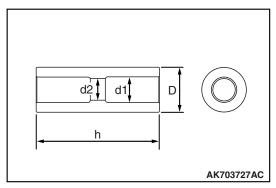
The oil jet cooling the piston is placed on the cylinder block lower plane which is the main bearing among cylinders. One bearing cap is tightened with four bolts.

ITEM	SPECIFICATIONS
Distance between top and crankshaft center mm (in)	230.1 (9.06)
Bore mm (in)	86 (3.4)
Bore pitch mm (in)	96 (3.8)
Stroke mm (in)	86 (3.4)

PISTONS



PISTON PINS



The pistons are made of a special aluminum alloy. Their weight has been reduced by lowering their overall height and increasing the depression at each end of the piston pin.

The piston pin hole center is offset 0.5 mm (0.020 in) towards the thrust side of the piston center.

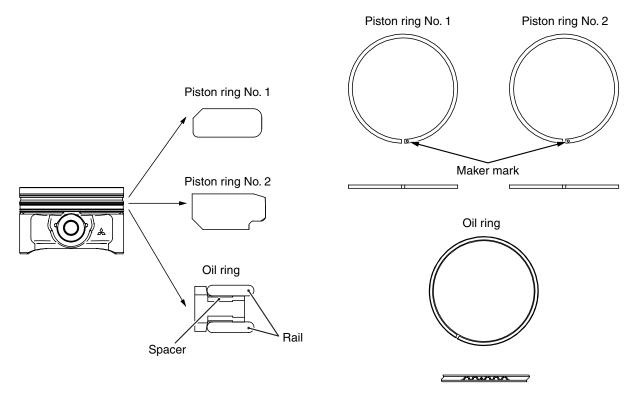
The skirt portion along the perimeter of the piston is finished with streaks that excel in oil retention and seizure resistance.

ITEM	SPECIFICATIONS	
Basic diameter mm (in)	86 (3.4)	
Pin hole diameter mm (in)	23 (0.9)	
Overall height mm (in)	54.87 (2.160)	

The full floating type of piston is used to improve the reliability by reducing the friction.

ITEM	SPECIFICATIONS
Outer diameter (D) mm (in)	23 (0.9)
Inner diameter (d1) mm (in)	11.5 (0.45)
Inner diameter (d2) mm (in)	10.5 (0.41)
Overall length (h) mm (in)	60 (2.4)

PISTON RINGS

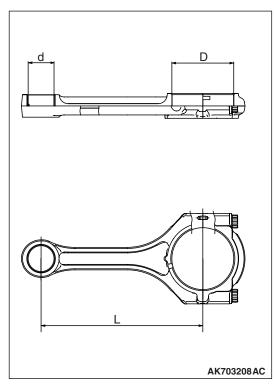


AK703207AC

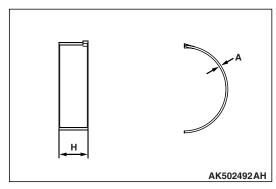
The piston rings consist of No. 1 and No. 2 rings and an oil ring.

Item	Piston ring No. 1	Piston ring No. 2	Oil ring
Shape	Inside bevel	Taper undercut	3-piece
Surface treatment (cylinder contact surface)	Ion plating	Parkerizing	lon plating
Supplier mark	1T	2T	None

CONNECTING RODS



CONNECTING ROD BEARINGS



The connecting rods are made of highly rigid, forged carbon steel. The cross section of the rod portion is shaped like the letter H.

A fracture-split process has been adopted for splitting the big end of the connecting rod.

The fracture split connecting rod has the high insertion force between the rod and the cap as well as the high installation location accuracy.

The oil holes that feed oil from the main journals of the crankshaft to the crankshaft pins lubricate the bearings at the big ends of the connecting rods.

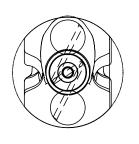
Item	Specifications
Small end hole diameter (d) mm (in)	23 (0.9)
Big end hole diameter (D) mm (in)	55 (2.2)
Center-to-center distance (L) mm (in)	143.75 (5.659)

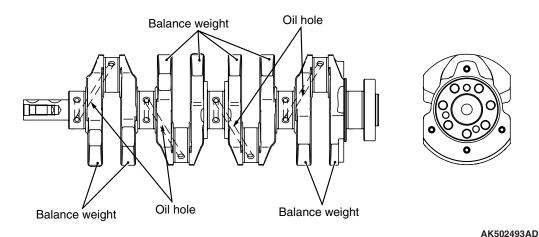
The upper and lower connecting rod bearings are the same. Each connecting rod bearing is provided with a backing plate. Its bearing portion is made of an kelmet alloy and its backing plate is made of ordinary sheet steel.

The width of the connecting rod bearing has been made as narrow as possible in proportion to the bearing cap in order to reduce friction loss.

Item	Specifications
Width (H) mm (in)	17 (0.7)
Thickness (A) mm (in)	1.5 (0.06)

CRANKSHAFT





A forged crankshaft has been adopted.

It has 5 main bearings and 8 balance weights.

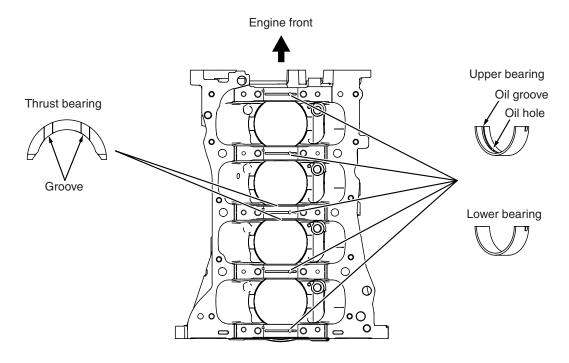
The crankshaft pins are located at equal 180° intervals.

The oil holes feed engine oil from the journals to the pins.

A crankshaft sprocket and an oil pump drive shaft are press-fit to the front of the crankshaft.

Item	Specifications
Pin outer diameter mm (in)	48 (1.9)
Journal outer diameter mm (in)	52 (2.0)

CRANKSHAFT BEARINGS, THRUST BEARINGS



AK703628AC

The upper crankshaft bearings have oil grooves and the lower crankshaft bearings do not.

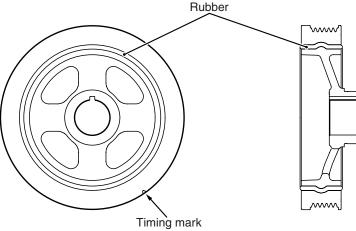
Each crankshaft bearing is provided with a backing plate. Its bearing portion is made of an kelmet alloy and its backing plate is made of ordinary sheet steel. A thrust bearing, which sustains the load in the thrust direction, is provided at each end of the No. 3 bearing.

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ltem		Specifications
Crankshaft bearing	Width mm (in)	18 (0.7)
	Thickness mm (in)	2.0 (0.08)
Crankshaft thrust bearing	Thickness mm (in)	2.0 (0.08)

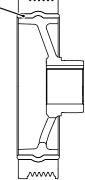
CRANKSHAFT PULLEY



The pulley is made of cast iron.

The pulley portion has grooves for the V-ribbed belt (with 6 crests).

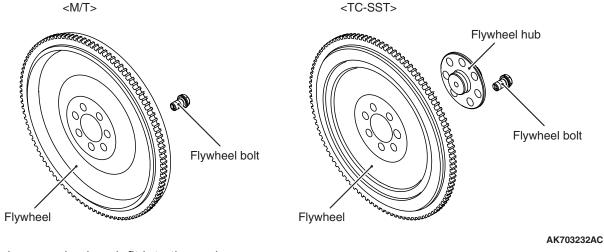
The flange portion of the pulley has a timing mark notch for checking the ignition timing.



AK604551 AB

A torsion damper has been adopted to reduce the torsional vibration of the crankshaft, as well as to dramatically reduce noise and vibration in the high-speed range.

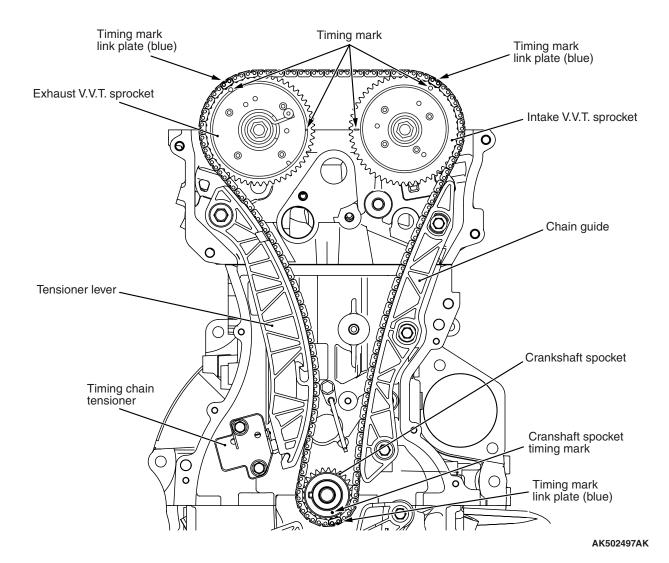
FLYWHEEL



The cast iron ring gear is shrunk fit into the carbon steel flywheel of M/T and is shrunk fit into the cast iron flywheel of TC-SST respectively. The flywheel hub is installed to the TC-SST.



TIMING CHAIN TRAIN



The two camshafts are driven by the timing chain via the camshaft sprockets.

The timing chain is a silent, endless type, consisting of 180 links. It is installed around the V.V.T. sprockets and the crankshaft sprocket.

Three (blue) mark link plates are installed on the timing chain to locate the sprockets.

Item	Number of teeth
V.V.T. sprockets	54
Crankshaft sprocket	27

TIMING CHAIN MAINTENANCE

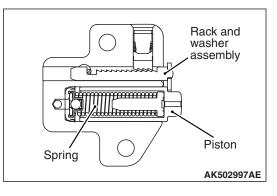
When the vehicle equipped with 4B11-T/C continues the severe driving conditions like the competition^{*1}, the amount of carbon mixed into the engine oil tends to increase. This might cause the timing chain to gradually extend. To prevent this, the engine-ECU has the function or logic to monitor the amount of timing chain extended.

NOTE: ^{*1}:*Driving to fully depress and fully release the accelerator pedal repeatedly all the time.*

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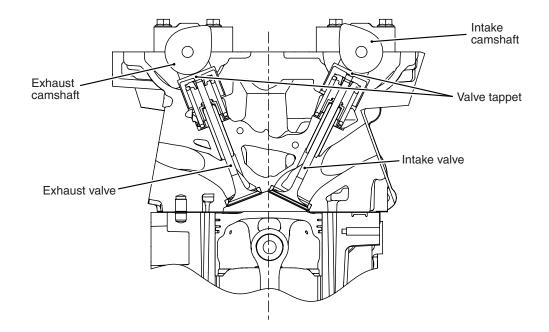
ENGINE BASE ENGINE

TIMING CHAIN TENSIONER



The tensioner maintains the tension of the timing chain. It contains a piston with a built-in spring. With the tensioner installed, its piston directly pushes on the tension lever in order to automatically adjust the tension of the timing chain.

VALVE TRAIN



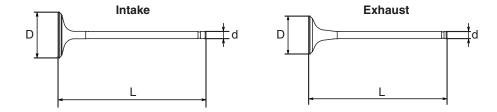
AK502499AD

The valve train is the 4-valve, double overhead camshaft (DOHC) type in which the camshafts are located above the valves.

Two intake and exhaust valves for each cylinder are arranged in a V shape.

A valve tappet is interposed between the camshaft and each valve, which allows the valve to open and close.

VALVES

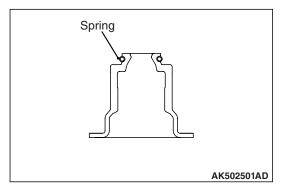


AK502500AD

The valves are made of heat-resistant steel and are nitrided on their entire surface.

Item	Intake valve	Exhaust valve
Head diameter (D) mm (in)	35 (1.4)	29 (1.1)
Stem diameter (d) mm (in)	5.5 (0.22)	5.5 (0.22)
Overall length (L) mm (in)	113.180 (4.4559)	105.887 (4.1688)

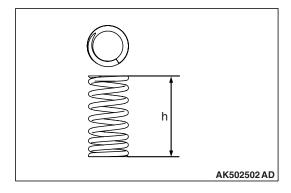
VALVE STEM SEALS



The valve stem seals are integrated with the valve spring seats.

The valve stem seal portion excels in sealing performance and is equipped with a spring to prevent oil from descending.

VALVE SPRINGS



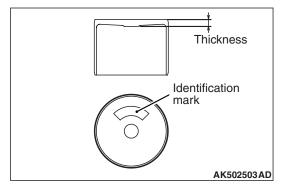
To prevent the engine from surging at high speeds, unequal-pitch springs are used.

Item	Specifications
Free height (h) mm (in)	51.5 (2.03)
Total number of windings	8.35

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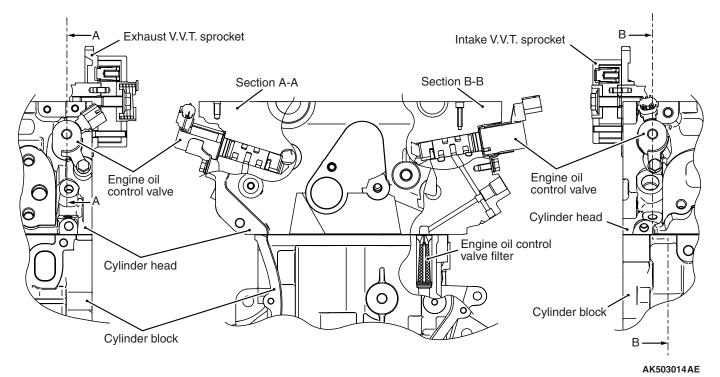
ENGINE BASE ENGINE

VALVE TAPPETS



To adjust the valve lift, 47 sizes of valve tappets are available in 0.015 mm (0.0006 in) increments, from 3.000 mm (0.1181 inch) to 3.690 mm (0.1453 in).

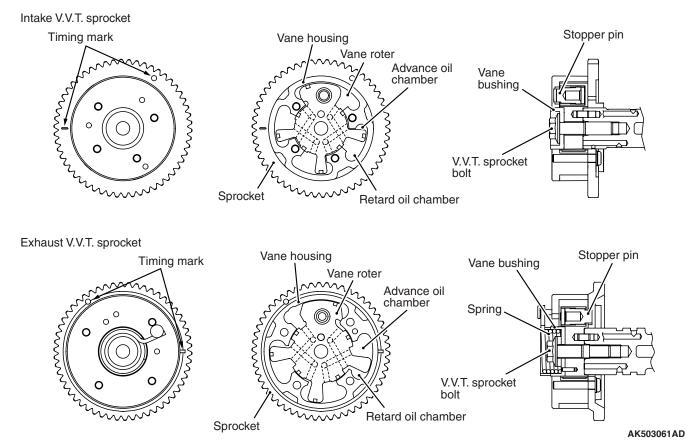
MIVEC (MITSUBISHI INNOVATIVE VALVE TIMING ELECTRONIC CONTROL SYSTEM)



The MIVEC consists of the parts shown in the illustration. This system continuously varies and optimally controls the opening and closing timing of the individual intake and exhaust valves, in order to improve torque and power output in all speed ranges.

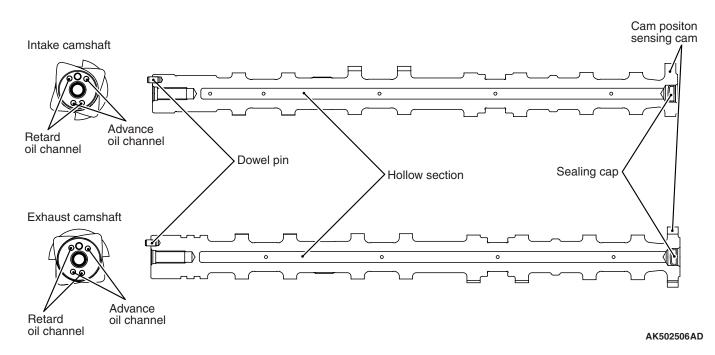
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V.V.T. SPROCKET (VARIABLE VALVE TIMING SPROCKET)



The engine oil control valve controls the hydraulic pressure in order to move the vane rotor in the V.V.T. sprocket to optimally control valve timing.

CAMSHAFTS

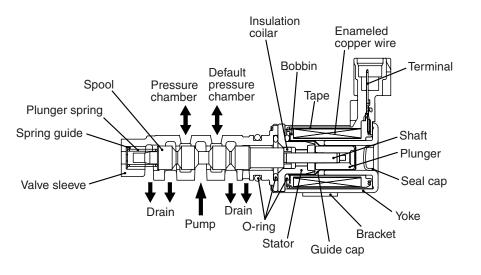


The camshaft are hollow for weight reduction. Each camshaft is provided with an oil passage to guide the hydraulic pressure from the engine oil control valve to the V.V.T. sprocket. A cam position sensing cam for detecting the cam

position (used by the cam position sensor) is integrated at the back of each camshaft.

Item		Specifications	
Overall length mm (in)	Intake Exhaust		435.00 (17.126)
			438.27 (17.255)
Journal outer diameter mm (in) Intake	Intake	No.1	30 (1.2)
		No.2 – 5	24 (0.9)
Exhaust	Exhaust	No.1	36 (1.4)
	No.2 – 5	24 (0.9)	
Camshaft lift mm (in)	Intake		9.3 (0.37)
	Exhaust		8.2 (0.32)

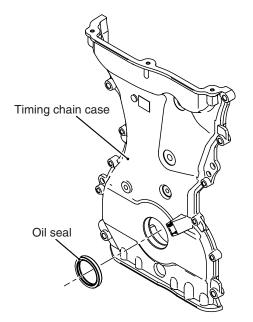
ENGINE OIL CONTROL VALVE



AK302997AE

The engine oil control valve consists of a solenoid valve, which switches the hydraulic pressure that acts on the vane rotor in the V.V.T. sprocket assembly. This valve is actuated by a signal from the engine ECU.

TIMING CHAIN CASE



AK502507AD

The timing chain case is made of an aluminum alloy. A front crankshaft oil seal is press-fit into the case.

NOTES